**List of indicators with provincial baseline and progress values**

| **SDGs Indicator** | **Balochistan Baseline** | | **Balochistan Progress** | | **Balochistan MICS 2019-20** | | | **Latest Value** | **Report Name** | **References/ Remarks** |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **Baseline Values** | **Year** | **Latest Values** | **Year** | **#** | **MICS Indicator** | **MICS Values** |
| 1.2.2 Proportion of men, women and children of all ages living in poverty in all its dimensions according to national definitions | Overall = 71.2% Urban = 37.7%, Rural = 84.6% | MPI Report 2014-15 | Latest MPI computation in process and the report is being finalized at Federal Level. |  | EQ.8 (SDG 1.2.2) | Multidimensional poverty Proportion of men, women and children of all ages living in poverty in all its dimensions, by selected measures of multidimensional poverty | Overall = 63.4%  Urban = 41.7%  Rural = 71.0% |  | Latest Report Not available | MICS Value may be used |
| 1.3.1 Proportion of population covered by social protection floors/systems, by sex, distinguishing children, unemployed persons, older persons, persons with disabilities, pregnant women, newborns, work-injury victims and the poor and the vulnerable\*\*\* \*\*\*BISP is only one kind of social protection. The reported values are proxy values for this indictaor. | Not Available |  | Percentage of ever-married women (15-49) receiving benefits from BISP = 8.0% | PDHS  2017-18 | EQ.3 (SDG 1.3.1) | Population covered by social transfers Percentage of household members that received any type of social transfers and benefits in the last 3 months | 14.4 (Updated) |  | Latest Report Not available | MICS Value may be used |
| 1.4.1 Proportion of population living in households with access to basic services | Improved water source = 67% Flush Toilet = 31%  Urban = 78%,Rural = 14% Electricity = 80.73%  Urban = 97.59%, Rural = 74.42% Gas (cooking) = 25%  Urban = 60%, Rural = 12% | PSLM 2014-15 | Improved water source = 84%\*  Flush Toilet = 41%  Urban = 82%, Rural = 25% Electricity(Ligthting) = 75%  Urban = 95% , Rural = 67% Gas (cooking) = 37%  Urban = 70%, Rural = 24% | PSLM 2018-19  2019-20\* | WS.2 (SDG 1.4.1) | Use of basic drinking water services Percentageof household members using improved sources of drinking water either in their dwelling/yard/plot or within 30 minutes round trip collection time | 79.6 |  | Latest Report Not available | MICS Value may be used |
|  |  |  |  |  | WS.9 (SDG 1.4.1, 3.8.1 & 6.2.1) | Use of basic sanitation services Percentage of household members using improved sanitation facilities which are not shared | 62.8 |  |  |  |
| 1.5.1 Number of deaths, missing persons and directly affected persons attributed to disasters per 100,000 population | Deaths = 0.13 Injured = 0.29 Directly affected persons = 70.35 | NDMA Annual Report 2015 | Deaths = 0.04 Injured = 0.08 Directly affected persons = 24.62 | NDMA Annual Reports 2018 |  |  |  | Deaths=0.17  Injured=0.06  Directly affected persons=19.92 | NDMA Annual  Reports  2021 |  |
| 1.a.2 Proportion of total government spending on essential services (education, health and social protection) | Total Spending on essential services = 26.78%  Education = 18.35% Health = 7.8% Social Protection = 0.62% | PRSP, Ministry of Finanace & Annual Budget Statements, Balochistan 2014-15 | Total Spending on essential services = 30.20%  Education = 21.26% Health = 8.42% Social Protection = 0.53% | PRSP, Ministry of Finanace & Annual Budget Statements, Balochistan 2018-19 |  |  |  | Total Spending on essential services = 27.90%  Education = 17.60% Health = 7.39% Social Protection = 2.91% | Revised Budget 2022-23, White Paper 2023-24 | Development and non-development expenditure as per revised budget of Balochistan 2022-23 |
| 1.b.1 Pro-poor public social spending |  |  | PKR 130 million | PSDP - Spending in 2021 (=Exp: upto June 2021 – Exp: upto June 2022) |  |  |  |  |  | Needs discussion with Zahoor Sb |
| 2.1.2 Prevalence of moderate or severe food insecurity in the population, based on the Food Insecurity Experience Scale (FIES) | Overall(moderate or severe)= 15.18% Severe= 2.05% | PSLM  2018-19 | OVerall (moderate or severe) =23.36 % Severe = 3.55% | PSLM 2019-20 |  |  |  |  | Latest Report Not available | Latest report is not found/ not available |
| 2.2.1 Prevalence of stunting (height for age <-2 standard deviation from the median of the World Health Organization (WHO) Child Growth Standards) among children under 5 years of age | 32% | NNS 2011 | 47% | PDHS 2017-18 | TC.45a,b (SDG 2.2.1) | Stunting prevalence Percentage of children under age 5 who fall below (a) minus two standard deviations (moderate and severe) (b) minus three standard deviations (severe) of the median height for age of the WHO standard | (a) 49.7 (b) 29.1 |  | Latest Report Not available | MICS Values may be used |
| 2.2.2 Prevalence of malnutrition (weight for height >+2 or <-2 standard deviation from the median of the WHO Child Growth Standards) among children under 5 years of age, by type (wasting and overweight) | Wasting = 18% | NNS 2011 | Wasting = 18.3% | PDHS 2017-18 | TC.46a,b (SDG 2.2.2) | Wasting prevalence Percentage of children under age 5 who fall below (a) minus two standard deviations (moderate and severe) (b) minus three standard deviations (severe) of the median weight for height of the WHO standard | (a) 9.2  (b) 4.3 |  | Latest Report Not available | MICS Values may be used |
|  |  |  |  |  | TC.47a,b (SDG 2.2.2) | Overweight prevalence Percentage of children under age 5 who fall above (a) minus two standard deviations (moderate and severe) (b) minus three standard deviations (severe) of the median weight for height of the WHO standard | (a) 11.5 (b) 5.6 |  |  |  |
| 2.2.3 Prevalence of anaemia in women aged 15 to 49 years, by pregnancy status (percentage) | Non- pregnant = 49% Pregnant = 48% | NNS  2011 | Overall = 61.3% Non-pregnant = 61.8% Pregnant = 53.9% | NNS  2018 |  |  |  |  | Latest report is not found/ not available | Latest report is not found/ not available |
| 2.4.1 Proportion of agricultural area under productive and sustainable agriculture |  |  | 53.00% | Agricultural Statistics Balochistan (2019-2020) |  |  |  | 56.55% | Agriculture Statistics Balochistan 2021-22 | % of Total Swon irrigated by canal/karez/stream |
| 3.1.1 Maternal mortality ratio | 785 | PDHS 2006-07 | 298 | Pakistan MMR Survey 2019 |  |  |  |  | Latest report is not found/ not available | Latest report is not found/ not available |
| 3.1.2 Proportion of births attended by skilled health personnel | Overall = 38%  Urban=58%, Rural=30% | PSLM 2014-15 | Overall = 52%  Urban=71%, Rural=46% | PSLM 2019-20 | TM.9 (SDG 3.1.2) | Skilled attendant at delivery Percentage of women age 15-49 years with a live birth in the last 2 years whose most recent live birth was attended by skilled health personnel | 49.9 |  | Latest report is not found/ not available | MICS Value may be used |
| 3.2.1 Under‑5 mortality rate | Overall = 111  Urban=101, Rural=102 | PDHS 2012-13 | Overall = 35  Urban=32, Rural = 36 | PSLM 2018-19 | CS.5 (SDG 3.2.1) | Under-five mortality rate Probability of dying between birth and the fifth birthday | 53 |  | Latest report is not found/ not available | MICS Value may be used |
| 3.2.2 Neonatal mortality rate | Overall = 63  Urban=68, Rural = 62 | PDHS 2012-13 | Overall = 24  Urban=20, Rural =25 | PSLM 2018-19 | CS.1 (SDG 3.2.2) | Neonatal mortality rate Probability of dying within the first month of life | 29 |  | Latest report is not found/ not available | MICS Value may be used |
| 3.3.2 Tuberculosis incidence per 100,000 population | 74 | National TB Control Program Annual Report 2015 | 89 | National TB Control Program Annual Report 2019 |  |  |  | 81.26 | Annual TB Data 2021 | Only New reported cases |
| 3.3.3 Malaria incidence per 1,000 population | Not Available | - | Overall=26 Urban=23 Rural=27 | PSLM-HIES 2018-19 |  |  |  |  | Latest report is not found/ not available | Latest report is not found/ not available |
| 3.3.4 Hepatitis B incidence per 100,000 population | Not Available | - | Overall = 182 Urban=162 , Rural = 189 | PSLM-HIES 2018-19 |  |  |  |  | Latest report is not found/ not available | Latest report is not found/ not available |
| 3.6.1 Death rate due to road traffic injuries | 1.79 | Pakistan Bureau of Statistics Traffic Accidents Year Report 2015-16 | 2.2 | Pakistan Bureau of Statistics Traffic Accidents Year Report 2020-21 |  |  |  |  | Latest report is not found/ not available | Latest report is not found/ not available |
| 3.7.1 Proportion of women of reproductive age (aged 15–49 years) who have their need for family planning satisfied with modern methods | Overall = 32.3%  Urban=42.7%, Rural=29.8% | PDHS 2012-13 | Overall =33.8%  Urban=38.3%, Rural=31.5% | PDHS  2017-18 | TM.4 (SDG 3.7.1&3.8.1) | Need for family planning satisfied with modern contraception Percentage of women age 15-49 years currently married who have their need for family planning satisfied with modern contraceptive methods | 34.5 |  | Latest report is not found/ not available | MICS value may be used |
| 3.7.2 Adolescent birth rate (aged 10–14 years; aged 15–19 years) per 1,000 women in that age group | Age (15-19) = 53 | PDHS 2016-17 | Aged (15-19) = 94 Urban=67, Rural=104) | PDHS 2017-18 | TM.1 (SDG 3.7.2) | Adolescent birth rate Age-specific fertility rate for women age 15-19 years (per 1,000 women) | 44 |  | Latest report is not found/ not available | MICS value may be used |
| 3.8.1 Coverage of essential health services |  |  |  |  | SR.14b (SDG 3.8.1) | No-smokers Percentage of women and men age 15-49 years who did not smoke cigarettes or any other smoked tobacco product at any time during the last one month | w= 86.9 m= 80.3 |  | Latest report is not found/ not available | MICS value may be used (Zahoor Sb, Does the no-smoker indicator related to 3.8.1?) |
|  |  |  |  |  | TM.5a,b,c (SDG.3.8.1) | Antenatal care coverage (a) Percentage of women age 15-49 years with a live birth in the last 2 years who during the pregnancy of the most recent live birth were attendedat least once by skilled health personnel (b) at least four times by any provider (c) at least eight times by any provider | (a) 40.2 (b) 17.4 (c ) 2.7 |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  | TC.19 (SDG.3.8.1) | Care-seeking for children with acute respiratory infection (ARI) symptoms Percentage of children under age 5 with ARI symptoms in the last 2 weeks for whom advice or treatment was sought from a health facility or provider | 67.6 |  |  |  |
| 3.a.1 Age standardized prevalence of current tobacco use among persons aged 15 years and older (%) | Cigarette Age 15-49: Male= 34.6%, Female= 4.9% | PDHS 2012-13 | Any type of Tobacco ( Aged 15-49):  Male= 18.7%, Urban= 18.3% , Rural=18.7%  Female= 16.1%, Urban=18.1%, Rural= 15.3% Cigarette Age 15-49:  Male = 19% Urban= 18%, Rural= 19% Female= 5.5%, Urban= 8%, Rural= 4.5% | PDHS 2017-18 | SR.14a (SDG 3.a.1) | Use of tobacco Percentage of women and men age 15-49 years who smoked cigarettes or used smoked or smokeless tobacco products at any time during the last one month | w= 13.6 m= 31.4 |  | Latest report is not found/ not available | MICS value may be used |
| 3.b.1 Proportion of the target population covered by all vaccines included in their national programme | Overall =16.4%  Urban=35.9% Rural=12% | PDHS 2012-13 | Overall =28.8%  Urban=42%, Rural=20.8% | PDHS 2017-18 | TC3,4,5 (SDG. 3.b.1 & 3.8.1) | Diphtheria, pertussis and tetanus (DPT), hepatitis B (HepB) and haemophilus influenza type B (Hib) (PENTA) immunization coverage: Percentage of children age 12-23 months who received the third dose of PENTA vaccine (diphtheria, pertussis, tetanus hepatitis B and haemophilus influenza B) at any time before the survey | 34.4 |  | Latest report is not found/ not available | MICS value may be used |
|  |  |  |  |  | TC.6 (SDG.3.b.1) | Pneumococcal (Conjugate) immunization coverage Percentage of children age 12-23/24-35 months who received the third dose of Pneumococcal (Conjugate) vaccine (PCV3) at any time before the survey | 33.6 |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  | TC.6 (SDG.3.b.1) | Measles immunization coverage Percentage of children age24-35 months who received the second measles containing vaccine at any time before the survey | 30.8 |  |  |  |
| 3.c.1 Health worker density and distribution (per 10,000) | Doctors = 1.90, Dental Surgeons = 0.14, Nurses/Midwives/LHVs = 2.55 Pharmacists = 0.30 | Balochistan Development Statistics 2016-17 | Doctors = 1.90, Dental Surgeons = 0.61, Nurses/Midwives/LHVs = 2.59 Pharmacists = 0.30 | Balochistan Development Statisitics 2018-19 |  |  |  | Doctors = 1.92, Dental Surgeons = 0.16, Nurses/Midwives/LHVs = 2.57 Pharmacists = 0.30 | Balochistan Development Statistics 2019-20 | Table 5 and 6 of Health |
| 4.1.1 Proportion of children and young people (a) in grades 2/3; (b) at the end of primary; and (c) at the end of lower secondary achieving at least a minimum proficiency level in (i) reading and (ii) mathematics, by sex |  |  |  |  | LN.22a,b,c,d,e,f (SDG 4.1.1) | Children with foundational reading and number skills Percentage of children who successfully completed three foundational reading tasks (a) Age 7-14 (b) Age for grade 2/3 (c) Attending grade 2/3 Percentage of children who successfully completed four foundational number tasks (d) Age 7-14 (e) Age for grade 2/3 (f) Attending grade 2/3 | a) 7.0, b) 4.3, c) 11.0, d) 0.1 e) 0.0, f) 0.0 |  |  | MICS value may be used |
| 4.1.2 Completion rate (primary education lower Sec education upper Sec education) | Primary= 58% Male=66% Female=46% Urban=72% Male=78% Female=65% Rural=52% Male=61% Female=37% Lower Sec=33%  Male=44% Female=16% Urban=49% Male= 61% Female=32% Rural=25% Male=36% Female=08%  Upper Sec education=11%  Male=13% Female=08% Urban=19% Male= 22% Female=15% Rural=08% Male=10% Female=04% | PSLM 2014-15 | Primary= 48% Male=55 Female=38% Urban=51% Male=66% Female=53 Rural=43% Male=51% Female=32%  Lower Sec=30%  Male=38 Female=18% Urban=44% Male= 51 Female=31% Rural=25% Male=32 Female=13%  Upper Sec education=13%  Male=16% Female=10% Urban=24% Male= 29 Female=19% Rural=08% Male=11% Female=05% | PSLM 2019-20 | LN.8a,b,c (SDG.4.1.2) | Completion rate Percentage of children age 3-5 years above the intended age for the last grade who have completed that grade (a) Primary school (b) Middle school (c) Secondary school | (a) 36.4 (b) 30.0  (c ) 23.9 |  | Latest report is not found/ not available | MICS values may be used |
| 4.2.1 Proportion of children aged 24–59 months who are developmentally on track in health, learning and psychosocial well-being, by sex |  |  |  |  | TC.53 (SDG 4.2.1) | Early child development index Percentage of children age 36-59 months who are developmentally on track in at least three of the following four domains: literacy-numeracy, physical, social-emotional, and learning | 39.1 |  |  | MICS values |
| 4.2.2 Participation rate in organized learning (one year before the official primary entry age) by sex | NA | - | Overal=03% Male=02% Female=03% | PSLM 2019-20 | LN.2 (SDG 4.2.2) | Participation rate in organised learning (adjusted) Percentage of children in the relevant age group (one year before the official primary school entry age) who are attending an early childhood education programme or primary school | 18 |  |  | MICS values may be used |
| 4.3.1 Participation rate of youth and adults in formal and non-formal education and training in the previous 12 months by sex | Overall = 20.73%  Urban=24.39% Rural=19.34% | LFS 2014-15 | Overall = 16.53%  Urban=22.40% Rural=14.24% | LFS 2018-19 |  |  |  | Youth(15-25)years  Overall=24.5  Rural=20.5 urban=33.9  Male over all=32.8 rural=29.4  Urban=40.6 female overall=14.4  Rural=9.6  Urban=25.7  Adult(25 years and over)overall=0.5rural=0.4 urban 0.5  Male overall=0.8 rural=0.7 urban=0.9 female overall=0.1 rural=0.1 urban=0.1 | LFS  2020-21  Reports cross checked | Indicator:4.3.1  Page no: 202 |
| 4.4.1 Proportion of youth and adults with information and communications technology (ICT) skills by type of skill | NA |  | Presentation = 20.42% Downloading= 36.44% Entertainment = 38.76% social media = 27.25% Email = 53.96% Programming = 18.42% File Transfer = 34.86% | PSLM 2018-19 | SR.13a,b (SDG 4.4.1) | ICT skills Percentage of women and age 15-49 years who have carried out at least one of nine specific computer related activities (a) age 15-24 (b) age 15-49 | (a) w= 0.6, m= 10.7 (b) w= 0.9, m= 9.0 |  | Latest report is not found/ not available | MICS values may be used |
| 4.5.1 Parity indices (female/male rural/urban bottom/top wealth quintile and others such as disability status indigenous peoples and conflict-affected as data become available) for all education indicators on this list that can be disaggregated | GPI in NER at Primary (age 6-10) = 0.62  Rural = 0.50 Urban = 0.83 GPI in NER at Middle Level(age 11-13):  Overall = 0.61 Rural = 0.45 Urban = 0.83 GPI in NER at Matric(age 14-15):  Overall = 0.47 Rural = 0.33 Urban = 0.61 | PSLM 2014-15 | GPI in NER at Primary (age 6-10):  Overall = 0.77 Rural = 0.75 Urban = 0.75 GPI in NER at Middle Level(age 11-13):  Overall = 0.6  Rural = 0.59 Urban = 0.61 GPI in NER at Matric(age 14-15):  Overall = 0.6 Rural = 0.46 Urban = 0.85 | PSLM 2018-19 | LN.11a,b,c,d (SDG 4.5.1) | Education Parity Indices (a) Gender (b) Wealth (c) Area: Net attendance rate (adjusted) for girls divided by net attendance rate (adjusted) for boys (a) primary school (b) Middle school (c) Secondary school Net attendance rate (adjusted) for the poorest quintile divided by net attendance rate (adjusted) for the richest quintile (a) primary school (b) Middle school (c) Secondary school Net attendance rate (adjusted) for rural Residents divided by net attendance rate (adjusted) for urban residents (a) primary school (b) Middle school (c) Secondary school | **For Gender:**  a)0.82, b) 0.74,  c) 0.72 **For Wealth Ratios(Q5/Q1)**:  a) 0.2, b) 0.2,  c) 0.1 **For Area Ratios(U/R):**   a) 0.6, b) 0.5,  c) 0.4 |  | Latest report is not found/ not available | MICS values may be used |
| 4.6.1 Proportion of population in a given age group achieving at least a fixed level of proficiency in functional (a) literacy and (b) numeracy skills by sex | Literacy rate = 44% | PSLM 2013-14 | Literacy Rate= 46% | PSLM 2019-20 |  |  |  | Literacy Rate = 54.5 | LFS 2020-21 | Table 6.1 (10 years and above) |
| 4.a.1 Proportion of schools offering basic services by type of service | Electricity:  Primary = 15% Middle=30% High = 65% Higher sec = 81% Drinking water:  Primary = 52% Middle = 55% High = 72% Higher Sec= 86%  Toilets:  Primary = 13% Middle= 50% High = 69% Higher sec = 76% | Pakistan Education Statistics 2015-16 | Electricity:  Primary = 15% Middle = 32% High= 66% High Sec.= 89%  Drinking water :  Primary= 12% Middle= 26% High= 59% High Sec.= 83% Sanitation: Primary= 25% Middle= 63% High= 88% High Sec.= 94% | Pakistan Education Statistics 2017-18 |  |  |  | **Electricity**:  Primary = 15.4% Middle = 31.4% High & High Sec = 66.8%  **Drinking water** :  Primary= 23.4% Middle= 40.5% High & High Sec = 72.0%  **Sanitation**: Primary= 32.8% Middle= 69.0% High & High Sec = 88.9% | Pakistan Education statistic 2021-22 |  |
| 4.c.1 Proportion of teachers with the minimum required qualifications, by education level |  |  | Matric/Equivalent 14.35% Intermediate/Equivalent 15.72% Bachelor/Equivalent 38.97% Masters/Equivalent 28.91% M.Phil./Equivalent 0.19% Ph.D. 0.01%  Primary Trained 63.5% Untrained 27.3% Middle Trained 56.4% Untrained 32.5% High/Higher Secondary Trained 61.5% Untrained 29.2% | Balochistan Education Statistics 2016-2017 (BES) Accessible at http://emis.gob.pk/website/BlochistanEducationStatistics.aspx |  |  |  | Matric/Equivalent 10.8%  Intermediate/ Equivalent 12.7% Bachelor/ Equivalent 35.3% Masters/ Equivalent 30.4% M.Phil/MS 1.4%  Ph.D. 0.0%  Primary Trained 60.7% Middle Trained 55.9% High/Higher Secondary Trained 61.7% | Balochistan  education Statistics 2021-22 |  |
| 5.2.1 Proportion of ever-partnered women and girls aged 15 years and older subjected to physical sexual or psychological violence by a current or former intimate partner in the previous 12 months by form of violence and by age | Physical violence (Age 15-49) = 31.3% | PDHS 2012-13 | Overall Physical or sexual or emotional(Age 15-49) = 43.1%  Urban=39% Rural=44.8% Physical Violence(Age15-49)=34.6% Emotional Violence(Age 15-49) = 25.8% Sexual Violence (Age 15-49 )= 2.5% | PDHS 2017-18 |  |  |  |  | Latest report is not found/ not available | Latest report is not found/ not available |
| 5.3.1 Proportion of women aged 20–24 years who were married or in a union before age 15 and before age 18 |  |  |  |  |  | Child Marriage Percentage of women age 20-24 years who were first married Women/Men (a) before age 15 (b) before age 18 | (a) 7.2 (b) 21.9 (a) 1.6 (b) 6.4 |  |  | MICS value may be used |
| 5.5.1 Proportion of seats held by women in (a) national parliaments and (b) local governments | 20.00% | Balochistan Assembly 2015 | 16.92% | Balochistan Assembly 2020 |  |  |  |  | Latest report is not found/ not available | Latest report is not found/ not available |
| 5.5.2 Proportion of women in managerial positions | 0.09% | LFS 2014-15 | 1.16% | LFS 2018-19 |  |  |  | Overall=9.3 rural=13.9  Urban=1.3 | LFS 2020-21 | LFS  Indicator:5.5.2 page no:202 |
| 5.6.1 Proportion of women aged 15–49 years who make their own informed decisions regarding sexual relations contraceptive use and reproductive health care | Overall = 32%  Urban=40% Rural=30% | PSLM 2014-15 | Overall =14%  Urban=15% Rural=13% | PSLM 2018-19 |  |  |  |  | Latest report is not found/ not available | Latest report is not found/ not available |
| 5.b.1 Proportion of individuals who own a mobile telephone by sex | Overall (10 +)=37 Male=58% Female=14%  Urban=44% Male=64% Female=22% Rural=35% Male=56% Female=10% | PSLM 2018-19 | Overall (10 +) =42%   Male=63% Female=15%  Urban=47% Male=67% Female=23% Rural=39% Male= 62% Female=11% | PSLM 2019-20 | SR.10 (SDG 5.b.1) | Ownership of mobile phone Women and men where at least one member owns a mobile phone Percentage of households where at least a member has or owns a mobile phone | w= 30.1 m=78.5 |  | Latest report is not found/ not available | MICS value may be used |
| 6.1.1 Proportion of population using safely managed drinking water services\* | 67% | PSLM 2014-15 | 84% | PSLM 2019-20 | WS.6 (SDG 6.1.1) | Use of safely managed drinking water services Percentage of household members with an improved drinking water source on premises, whose source water was tested and free of E. coli and available when needed | 4.4 |  | Latest report is not found/ not available | MICS value may be used (value needs adjustment as previous values are in percentages) |
| 6.2.1 Proportion of population using (a) safely managed sanitation services and (b) a hand-washing facility with soap and water\*\* | Sanitation Services (Flush Facility) =31%  Urban=78% Rural=14% | PSLM 2014-15 | Sanitation Services (Flush Facility) = 44%  Urban=82% Rural=25% | PSLM 2019-20 | WS.7 (SDG 1.4.1&6.2.1) | Handwashing facility with water and soap Percentageof household members with a handwashing facility where water and soap or detergent are present | 69.3 |  | Latest report is not found/ not available | MICS value may be used |
|  |  |  |  |  | WS.10 (SDG.6.2.1) | Safe disposal in situ of excreta from on-site sanitation facilities: Percentage of household with improved on site sanitation facilities from which waste has never been empited or has been empited and buried in a covered pit | 78.1 |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  | WS.11 (SDG 6.2.1) | Removal of excreta for treatment off-site: Percentage of household member using an Improved-on site sanitation facility from which a service provider has removed waste for treatment off-site | 8.8 |  |  |  |
| 7.1.1 Proportion of population with access to electricity | Overall = 80.73%  Urban = 98% , Rural =74% | PSLM 2014-15 | Overall = 75%  Urban=95%, Rural=67% | PSLM 2018-19 | SR.1 (SDG 7.1.1) | Access to electricity Percentage of households with access to electricity | 91.2 |  | Latest report is not found/ not available | MICS value may be used |
| 7.1.2 Proportion of population with primary reliance on clean fuels and technology | Gas (cooking)= 24.71% Urban = 59.65%, Rural = 11.65% Electricity (Lighting) = 80.73% Urban = 97.59%, Rural = 74.42% | PSLM 2014-15 | Gas (cooking) = 37%,  Urban = 70%, Rural = 24% Electricity (Lighting)= 75% Urban= 95%, Rural = 67% | PSLM 2018-19 | TC.18 (SDG 7.1.2) | Primary reliance on clean fuels and technologies for cooking, space heating and lighting Percentage of household members with primary reliance on clean fuels and technologies for cooking, space heating and lighting | 34.2 |  | Latest report is not found/ not available | MICS value may be used |
| 8.1.1 Annual growth rate of real GDP per capita | 2.07% | 2016-17 1. Balochistan White Paper on Budget 2. State Bank of Pakistan | 1.18% | 2020-21 1. Balochistan White Paper on Budget 2. State Bank of Pakistan |  |  |  | 3.94% | 2021-22  1.Balochistan white paper on budget 2.state bank of Pakistan |  |
| 8.3.1 Proportion of informal employment in total employment by sector and sex | Informal Employment in Non-Agriculture = 70.71%  Urban=68.21% Rural=72.08% | LFS 2014-15 | Informal Employment in Non-Agriculture= 63.5%  Urban= 59.8% Rural = 65.6% | LFS 2018-19 |  |  |  | Informal employment in non agriculture=73.2% urban=69.6% rural=75.2% | LFS  2020-21 | LFS  Indicator:8.3.1 page no:203 |
| 8.5.1 Average hourly earnings of employees, by sex, age, occupation and persons with disabilities (PKR ) | Overall = 95  Urban=108 Rural=98 | LFS 2014-15 | Overall = 132  Urban=128 Rural=136 | LFS 2018-19 |  |  |  | Overall = 127 Urban=138 Rural=120 | LFS  2020-21 | This indicator have values for Pakistan only in the report, these values are calculated average monthly wage and weekly hours of employed persons |
| 8.5.2 Unemployment rate by sex age and persons with disabilities | Overall = 3.92% Male= 2.84% Female= 8.54% Rural= 3.35% Male= 2.44% Female= 6.65% Urban= 5.82% Male= 4.00% Female= 22.50% Age (10-14) overall = 3.56% Male= 3.94% Female= 3.07% Age (15-19) overall = 4.97% Male= 2.89% Female= 10.18% Age (20-24) overall= 10.42% 9.98% Female=12.37% Age (25-29) overall = 4.45% Male=2% Female= 15.20% Age (30-34) overall= 2.79% Male= 0.33% Female= 12.38% | LFS 2014-15 | Overall = 4.6% Male= 4.2% Female= 7.4% Rural= 3.5% Male= 3.2% Female= 5.0% Urban= 8.3% Male= 7.1% Female= 25.7% Age (10-14) overall = 9.4% Male= 8.3% Female= 12.6% Age (15-19) overall = 11.2% Male= 11.2% Female= 10.7% Age (20-24) overall= 11.1% Male=10.0% Female=16.2 Age (25-29) overall = 6.6% Male=6.2% Female= 8.3% Age (30-34) overall= 2.6% Male= 2.3% Female= 3.8% | LFS 2018-19 |  |  |  | Overall=4.3 male=4.2 female=5.0 | LFS  2020-21 | Table 3.3 |
| 8.6.1 Proportion of youth (aged 15–24 years) not in education employment or training | Overall = 24%  Urban=23% Rural=25% | LFS 2014-15 | Overall = 27%  Urban=27% Rural=27% | LFS 2018-19 |  |  |  | Overall=41.8% urban=41.0  %  rural=42.1%  male overall=14.1% urban=15.8% rural=13.3%  female overall=75.4  urban=71.6 rural=77.6 | LFS  2020-21 | LFS  Indicator: 8.6.1  Page no:206 |
| 8.7.1 Proportion and number of children aged 5–17 years engaged in child labour by sex and age\* | Overall ( Age 10-14)=  9.32%  Male=8.86% Female=9.96% | LFS 2014-15 | Overall ( Age 10-14)=  4.72%  Male=5.85% Female=3.05% | LFS 2018-19 | PR.3 (SDG 8.7.1) | Child labour Percentage of children age 5-17 years who are involved in child labour | 9.1  MICS  (Pr.3) |  |  | MICS value may be used |
| 8.8.1 Fatal and non-fatal occupational injuries per 100,000 workers by sex and migrant status | Frequency rate of non-fatal injuries=0.01 Urban=0.01 Rural=0.01 | LFS 2014-15 | Frequency rate of non-fatal injuries=0.01 Urban=0.01 Rural=0.01 | LFS 2018-19 |  |  |  | Non-fatal occupational injuries per 100,000 workers:  Overall=1643  Urban=2113  Rural=1494  **Non-Migrant**  Overall=1700  Urban=2239  Rural = 1534  **Migrant**  Overall=52  Urban = 53  Rural = 52 | LFS  2020-21 | LFS  Indicator:8.8.1  Page no:207 |
| 8.10.1 (a) Number of commercial bank branches per 100,000 adults and (b) number of automated teller machines (ATMs) per 100,000 adults | 3 Commercial bank branches per 100,000 | 2015 State Bank of Pakistan | 490 functional ATMS per 100,000 3.8 Commercial bank branches per 100,000 | State Bank of Pakistan |  |  |  |  | Latest report is not found/ not available | Latest report is not found/ not available |
| 9.2.2 Manufacturing employment as a proportion of total employment | Overall = 11%   Male = 5.35% Female = 0.03% Urban=12% Rural = 11% | LFS 2014-15 | Overall = 4.0%   Male = 4.1% Female = 4.1% Urban=8.5% Rural = 2.7% | LFS 2018-19 |  |  |  | Overall=6.2%male=5.4%female=11.2%  Urban overall=9.5% male=8.4% female=32.5%  Rural over all=5.1 male=4.3% female=9.4% | LFS  2020-21  Reports cross checked | LFS  Indicator:9.2.2  Page no:209 |
| 9.c.1 Proportion of population covered by a mobile network by technology\* | Overall (10 +)=37 Male=58% Female=14%  Urban=44% Male=64% Female=22% Rural=35% Male=56% Female=10% | PSLM 2018-19 | Overall (10 +) =42%   Male=63% Female=15%  Urban=47% Male=67% Female=23% Rural=39% Male= 62% Female=11% | PSLM 2019-20 |  |  |  |  | Latest report is not found/ not available | Latest report is not found/ not available |
| 10.3.1 Proportion of population reporting having personally felt discriminated against or harassed in the previous 12 months on the basis of a ground of discrimination prohibited under international human rights law |  |  |  |  | EQ.7 (SDG 10.3.1&16.b.1) | Discrimination Percentage of women and men age 15-49 years having personally felt discriminated against or harassed within the previous 12 months on the basis of a ground of discrimination prohibited under international human rights law | w= 16.8 m= 24.3 |  | Latest report is not found/ not available | MICS values may be used |
| 11.5.1 Number of deaths, missing persons and directly affected persons attributed to disasters per 100,000 population | Deaths = 0.13 Injured = 0.29 Directly affected persons = 70.35 | NDMA Annual Report 2015 | Deaths = 0.04 Injured = 0.08 Directly affected persons = 24.62 | NDMA Annual Report 2018 |  |  |  | Deaths = 0.17 Injured = 0.06 Directly affected persons = 19.92 | NDMA Annual Report 2021 | Directly affected persons not found in NDMA Report the value based on PBS population/ household through per year growth rate. |
| 12.6.1 Number of companies publishing sustainability reports |  |  | Total Number of Industries 764  Number of Companies Publishing Sustainability Reports 6 | 2020 - DG Industries and Commerce Statistics Branch Sirki Road, Quetta |  |  |  |  | Reports cross checked | Latest report is not found/ not available |
| 13.1.1 Number of deaths, missing persons and directly affected persons attributed to disasters per 100,000 population | Deaths = 0.13 Injured = 0.29 Directly affected persons = 70.35 | 2015 | Deaths = 0.04 Injured = 0.08 Directly affected persons = 24.62 | 2018 |  |  |  | Deaths = 0.17 Injured = 0.06 Directly affected persons = 19.92 | NDMA Annual Report 2021 | Directly affected persons not found in NDMA Report the value based on PBS population/ household through per year growth rate |
| 15.1.1 Forest area as a proportion of total land area | 3.25% | Balochistan Development Statistics 2014-15 | 3.35% | Balochistan Development Statistics 2018-19 |  |  |  | 5.15% | Balochistan Agriculture Statistics 2021-22 |  |
| 16.1.3 Proportion of population experienced (a) physical violence (b) psychological violence and (c) sexual violence in the previous 12 months | Women aged 15-49 experienced physical violence = 31.4%  Urban=32.3% Rural=31.2%  Women aged 15-49 who have ever experienced Emotional(Psychological) violence by husband=42.9%  Urban=36.4% Rural=44.8% | PDHS 2012-13 | Women aged 15-49 experienced physical violence = 34%  Urban=31.5% Rural=36.2% Women aged 15-49 experienced Sexual violence = 2.5%  Urban=5.6% Rural=1.1% Women aged 15-49 who have ever experienced Emotional(psychological) violence by husband = 29.8%  Urban=30% Rural=29.8% | PDHS 2017-18 |  |  |  |  | Latest report is not found/ not available | Latest report is not found/ not available |
| 16.1.4 Proportion of population that feel safe walking alone around the area they live after dark |  |  |  |  | PR.14 (SDG 16.1.4) | Safety Percentage of women age 15-49 years feeling safe walking alone in their neighbourhood after dark | (a) 75.5 (b) 75.4 |  | Latest report is not found/ not available | MICS value may be used |
| 16.2.1 Proportion of children aged 1–17 years who experienced any physical punishment and/or psychological aggression by caregivers in the past month |  |  |  |  | PR.2 (SDG 16.2.1) | Violent discipline Percentage of children age 1-14 years who experienced any physical punishment and/or psychological aggression by caregivers in the past one month | 55.3 |  | Latest report is not found/ not available | MICS value may be used |
| 16.3.1 Proportion of victims of violence in the previous 12 months who reported their victimization to competent authorities or other officially recognized conflict resolution mechanisms |  |  |  |  | PR.13 (SDG 16.3.1) | Crime reporting Percentage number of women/men age 15-49 experiencing physical violence of robbery and/or assault in the last 12 months and reporting the last incidences of robbery and/or assault experienced to the police | w= 24.5 m= 37.3 |  | Latest report is not found/ not available | MICS value may be used |
| 16.6.2 Proportion of population satisfied with their last experience of public services | Basic Health Unit= 43.49%  Family Planning Unit= 62.36% Primary School= 82.33% | PSLM 2014-15 | Basic Health Unit= 40% Urban=56% Rural=36% Family Planning Unit= 50% Urban=85% Rural=37% Health Clinic/Hospital= 62% Urban=72% Rural=59% Primary School= 83% Urban=92% Rural=79% Middle School= 82% Urban=93% Rural=76% High School= 88% Urban=94% Rural=85% | PSLM 2019-20 |  |  |  |  | Latest report is not found/ not available | Latest report is not found/ not available |
| 16.9.1 Proportion of children under 5 years of age whose births have been registered with a civil authority by age | Overall =7.7% | PDHS  2012-13 | Overall = 37.6%  Urban=46% Rural=34% | PDHS 2017-18 | PR.1 (SDG 16.9.1) | Birth registration Percentage of children under age 5 whose births are reported registered with a civil authority | 44.1 |  | Latest report is not found/ not available | MICS value may be used |
| 17.1.1 Total government revenue as a proportion of GDP, by source | 1.68% | 2017-18  State Bank of Pakistan | 1.49% | 2018-19  State Bank of Pakistan |  |  |  | 2.33% | Balochistan White Paper 2022-23 | 2022 GDP as per Wikipedia (IMF report) 5.33% of national GDP (PPP) |
| 17.1.2 Proportion of domestic budget funded by domestic taxes |  |  | 5% | Bal. White Papers 2020-21 |  |  |  | 6.26% | Balochistan White Paper 2022-23 | Revised budget |
| 17.8.1 Proportion of individuals using the Internet | Overall (10+) = 07%  Male=10% Female = 03% | PSLM 2018-19 | Overall (10+) = 12%  Male= 18% Female=06% | PSLM 2019-20 | SR.12a,b (SDG 17.8.1) | Use of internet Percentage of women and men age 15-49 years who used the internet (a) during the last 3 months (b) at least once a week during the last 3 months | (a) w= 3.4, m= 17.9 (b) w=2.9, m= 15.0 |  | Latest report is not found/ not available | MICS value may be used |